

S1903: MEDIAN INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2024 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)

Universe: None

2024 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Number		Alaska Percent Distribution		Median income (dollars)	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER						
Households	274,045	±3,774	274,045	±3,774	95,665	±3,278
One race--						
White	184,780	±3,647	67.4%	±1.1	103,547	±3,495
Black or African American	N	N	N	N	71,799	±37,738
American Indian and Alaska Native	31,807	±1,908	11.6%	±0.6	61,191	±4,787
Asian	12,611	±1,504	4.6%	±0.5	100,363	±29,792
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N	N	N	N	96,647	±34,743
Some other race	5,385	±1,319	2.0%	±0.5	80,508	±16,055
Two or more races	28,552	±2,312	10.4%	±0.9	91,348	±13,059
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	16,508	±1,654	6.0%	±0.6	92,697	±13,186
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	180,390	±3,646	65.8%	±1.1	103,417	±3,615
HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER						
15 to 24 years	14,072	±2,049	5.1%	±0.7	56,216	±4,435
25 to 44 years	102,103	±3,356	37.3%	±1.0	101,155	±2,371
45 to 64 years	91,228	±2,528	33.3%	±0.9	110,000	±6,032
65 years and over	66,642	±2,405	24.3%	±0.8	74,308	±3,959
FAMILIES						
Families	176,794	±4,478	176,794	±4,478	114,035	±2,802
With own children of householder under 18 years	77,105	±3,773	43.6%	±1.9	110,521	±5,877
With no own children of householder under 18 years	99,689	±4,256	56.4%	±1.9	115,523	±5,057
Married-couple families	135,772	±4,626	76.8%	±1.6	130,953	±5,662
With own children under 18 years	53,958	±2,807	30.5%	±1.5	138,135	±2,864
Female householder, no spouse present	26,092	±2,233	14.8%	±1.2	66,982	±7,123
With own children under 18 years	15,148	±1,989	8.6%	±1.1	57,020	±9,026
Male householder, no spouse present	14,930	±2,018	8.4%	±1.1	81,052	±19,472
With own children under 18 years	7,999	±1,557	4.5%	±0.9	72,081	±22,718
FAMILY INCOME BY FAMILY SIZE						
2-person families	84,220	±4,577	47.6%	±2.0	109,662	±3,564
3-person families	34,584	±3,108	19.6%	±1.7	104,227	±5,068
4-person families	30,259	±2,514	17.1%	±1.4	138,492	±5,557
5-person families	15,724	±1,839	8.9%	±1.0	138,347	±12,804
6-person families	6,496	±1,352	3.7%	±0.8	120,602	±17,491
7-or-more person families	5,511	±1,128	3.1%	±0.6	103,051	±15,672
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF EARNERS						
No earners	23,243	±1,828	13.1%	±1.0	77,002	±11,605
1 earner	55,388	±3,627	31.3%	±1.7	83,617	±6,187
2 earners	79,171	±3,458	44.8%	±1.7	138,063	±5,060
3 or more earners	18,992	±1,935	10.7%	±1.1	177,050	±11,822
NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDS						
Nonfamily households	97,251	±4,954	97,251	±4,954	55,560	±4,111
Female householder	45,348	±3,351	46.6%	±2.5	52,059	±6,906
Living alone	36,424	±3,219	37.5%	±2.6	44,996	±4,813
Not living alone	8,924	±1,574	9.2%	±1.6	108,913	±15,049
Male householder	51,903	±3,656	53.4%	±2.5	59,428	±7,587
Living alone	40,668	±3,408	41.8%	±2.6	51,198	±2,484
Not living alone	11,235	±1,758	11.6%	±1.8	90,254	±11,060

Source :

U.S. Census Bureau, 2024 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

Dataset Universe :

The dataset universe of the American Community Survey (ACS) is the U.S. resident population and housing. For more information about ACS residence rules, see the ACS Design and Methodology Report. Note that each table describes the specific universe of interest for that set of estimates.

Unit(s) of Observation :

American Community Survey (ACS) data are collected from individuals living in housing units and group quarters, and about housing units whether occupied or vacant. For more information about ACS sampling and data collection, see the ACS Design and Methodology Report.

Geography Coverage :

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see Geography Boundaries by Year.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Sampling :

The ACS consists of two separate samples: housing unit addresses and group quarters facilities. Independent housing unit address samples are selected for each county or county-equivalent in the U.S. and Puerto Rico, with sampling rates depending on a measure of size for the area. For more information on sampling in the ACS, see the Accuracy of the Data document.

Confidentiality :

The Census Bureau has modified or suppressed some estimates in ACS data products to protect respondents' confidentiality. Title 13 United States Code, Section 9, prohibits the Census Bureau from publishing results in which an individual's data can be identified. For more information on confidentiality protection in the ACS, see the Accuracy of the Data document.

Technical Documentation/Methodology:

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see Comparing ACS Data.

Weights :

ACS estimates are obtained from a raking ratio estimation procedure that results in the assignment of two sets of weights: a weight to each sample person record and a weight to each sample housing unit record. Estimates of person characteristics are based on the person weight. Estimates of family, household, and housing unit characteristics are based on the housing unit weight. For any given geographic area, a characteristic total is estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons, households, families or housing units possessing the characteristic in the geographic area. For more information on weighting and estimation in the ACS, see the Accuracy of the Data document.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

API Information :

American Community Survey (ACS) data is available via API.

For more information on available APIs, please see Census Developers page at API Information.

Explanation of Symbols :

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate.

Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.

Suggested Citation :

U.S. Census Bureau. "Median Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2024 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)" American Community Survey, ACS 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables, Table S1903, 2024, <https://data.census.gov/table/ACSST1Y2024.S1903?q=S1903>: Accessed on March 03, 2026.