

S2701: SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE

Universe: American Community Survey

2023 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Total		Insured		Alaska Percent Insured		Uninsured		Percent Uninsured	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	702,315	±2,648	629,361	±4,525	89.6%	±0.7	72,954	±4,727	10.4%	±0.7
AGE										
Under 6 years	54,229	±2,192	51,229	±2,266	94.5%	±1.5	3,000	±792	5.5%	±1.5
6 to 18 years	129,053	±3,280	119,358	±3,491	92.5%	±1.3	9,695	±1,689	7.5%	±1.3
19 to 25 years	53,505	±3,757	42,534	±3,212	79.5%	±2.9	10,971	±1,817	20.5%	±2.9
26 to 34 years	94,889	±3,252	80,454	±3,159	84.8%	±1.7	14,435	±1,735	15.2%	±1.7
35 to 44 years	103,597	±2,782	89,703	±3,280	86.6%	±2.3	13,894	±2,420	13.4%	±2.3
45 to 54 years	80,220	±2,613	70,336	±2,617	87.7%	±1.9	9,884	±1,591	12.3%	±1.9
55 to 64 years	85,669	±1,814	75,916	±1,965	88.6%	±1.4	9,753	±1,253	11.4%	±1.4
65 to 74 years	66,115	±1,231	64,971	±1,223	98.3%	±0.6	1,144	±412	1.7%	±0.6
75 years and older	35,038	±1,280	34,860	±1,244	99.5%	±0.7	178	±241	0.5%	±0.7
Under 19 years	183,282	±2,285	170,587	±2,671	93.1%	±1.0	12,695	±1,842	6.9%	±1.0
19 to 64 years	417,880	±3,624	358,943	±4,575	85.9%	±0.9	58,937	±3,937	14.1%	±0.9
65 years and older	101,153	±1,474	99,831	±1,395	98.7%	±0.5	1,322	±473	1.3%	±0.5
SEX										
Male	359,739	±3,192	319,472	±4,071	88.8%	±0.8	40,267	±2,959	11.2%	±0.8
Female	342,576	±2,616	309,889	±3,904	90.5%	±1.0	32,687	±3,471	9.5%	±1.0
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN										
White alone	416,953	±4,287	386,631	±5,205	92.7%	±0.8	30,322	±3,276	7.3%	±0.8
Black or African American alone	17,605	±2,616	14,831	±2,314	84.2%	±5.8	2,774	±1,160	15.8%	±5.8
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	96,608	±4,126	77,326	±3,241	80.0%	±2.6	19,282	±2,893	20.0%	±2.6
Asian alone	42,135	±3,462	37,438	±3,300	88.9%	±3.3	4,697	±1,455	11.1%	±3.3
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	10,511	±1,069	9,834	±1,067	93.6%	±4.2	677	±451	6.4%	±4.2
Some other race alone	18,777	±3,364	15,155	±2,802	80.7%	±4.8	3,622	±1,138	19.3%	±4.8
Two or more races	99,726	±6,549	88,146	±6,041	88.4%	±1.9	11,580	±2,055	11.6%	±1.9
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	51,325	±945	44,395	±1,612	86.5%	±3.0	6,930	±1,563	13.5%	±3.0
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	404,725	±3,147	375,372	±4,174	92.7%	±0.8	29,353	±3,267	7.3%	±0.8
LIVING ARRANGEMENTS										
In family households	556,703	±6,732	504,093	±7,406	90.5%	±0.8	52,610	±4,438	9.5%	±0.8
In married couple families	410,846	±11,164	382,404	±10,106	93.1%	±0.8	28,442	±3,714	6.9%	±0.8
In other families	145,857	±10,395	121,689	±9,005	83.4%	±2.2	24,168	±3,742	16.6%	±2.2
Male reference person, no spouse present	54,432	±7,261	44,895	±6,447	82.5%	±4.3	9,537	±2,618	17.5%	±4.3
Female reference person, no spouse present	91,425	±8,887	76,794	±7,477	84.0%	±2.8	14,631	±3,112	16.0%	±2.8
In non-family households and other living arrangements	145,612	±6,573	125,268	±5,826	86.0%	±1.2	20,344	±1,985	14.0%	±1.2
NATIVITY AND U.S. CITIZENSHIP STATUS	649,664	±4,118	585,143	±5,349	90.1%	±0.7	64,521	±4,480	9.9%	±0.7
Native born	52,651	±3,650	44,218	±3,597	84.0%	±3.2	8,433	±1,733	16.0%	±3.2

Foreign born	33,106	±2,889	29,195	±2,672	88.2%	±2.6	3,911	±940	11.8%	±2.6
Naturalized	19,545	±3,006	15,023	±2,643	76.9%	±6.5	4,522	±1,443	23.1%	±6.5
Not a citizen										
DISABILITY STATUS	106,126	±6,103	97,361	±5,681	91.7%	±1.4	8,765	±1,628	8.3%	±1.4
With a disability	596,189	±6,169	532,000	±6,971	89.2%	±0.8	64,189	±4,571	10.8%	±0.8
No disability										
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT	465,528	±3,912	416,240	±4,651	89.4%	±0.8	49,288	±3,835	10.6%	±0.8
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 26 years and over	31,890	±2,412	26,209	±2,564	82.2%	±3.8	5,681	±1,190	17.8%	±3.8
Less than high school graduate	133,927	±5,393	112,107	±4,660	83.7%	±1.7	21,820	±2,637	16.3%	±1.7
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	147,010	±5,746	132,967	±5,388	90.4%	±1.3	14,043	±2,054	9.6%	±1.3
Some college or associate's degree	152,701	±6,252	144,957	±6,155	94.9%	±1.0	7,744	±1,500	5.1%	±1.0
Bachelor's degree or higher										
EMPLOYMENT STATUS	417,880	±3,624	358,943	±4,575	85.9%	±0.9	58,937	±3,937	14.1%	±0.9
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 19 to 64 years	329,888	±4,831	284,817	±4,812	86.3%	±1.0	45,071	±3,613	13.7%	±1.0
In labor force	314,599	±5,046	273,835	±4,977	87.0%	±1.0	40,764	±3,254	13.0%	±1.0
Employed	15,289	±2,000	10,982	±1,412	71.8%	±6.7	4,307	±1,346	28.2%	±6.7
Unemployed	87,992	±3,812	74,126	±3,584	84.2%	±2.1	13,866	±2,025	15.8%	±2.1
Not in labor force										
WORK EXPERIENCE	417,880	±3,624	358,943	±4,575	85.9%	±0.9	58,937	±3,937	14.1%	±0.9
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 19 to 64 years	219,458	±6,148	194,719	±6,059	88.7%	±1.2	24,739	±2,634	11.3%	±1.2
Worked full-time, year round in the past 12 months	124,900	±5,267	103,294	±4,961	82.7%	±2.0	21,606	±2,614	17.3%	±2.0
Worked less than full-time, year round in the past 12 months	73,522	±4,346	60,930	±3,783	82.9%	±2.6	12,592	±2,185	17.1%	±2.6
Did not work										
HOUSEHOLD INCOME (IN 2022 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)	685,856	±2,648	616,548	±4,590	89.9%	±0.7	69,308	±4,763	10.1%	±0.7
Total household population	57,068	±4,864	49,942	±4,087	87.5%	±2.8	7,126	±1,857	12.5%	±2.8
Under \$25,000	83,439	±6,399	71,838	±5,894	86.1%	±2.3	11,601	±2,065	13.9%	±2.3
\$25,000 to \$49,999	92,464	±8,536	81,691	±7,744	88.3%	±2.2	10,773	±2,286	11.7%	±2.2
\$50,000 to \$74,999	89,340	±8,398	78,294	±7,561	87.6%	±3.0	11,046	±2,964	12.4%	±3.0
\$75,000 to \$99,999	363,545	±11,189	334,783	±11,011	92.1%	±0.8	28,762	±2,995	7.9%	±0.8
\$100,000 and over										
RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS	699,568	±2,593	626,899	±4,575	89.6%	±0.7	72,669	±4,742	10.4%	±0.7
Civilian noninstitutionalized population for whom poverty status is determined	110,922	±7,382	95,044	±6,897	85.7%	±2.1	15,878	±2,455	14.3%	±2.1
Below 138 percent of the poverty threshold	256,039	±10,440	220,013	±9,512	85.9%	±1.4	36,026	±3,802	14.1%	±1.4
138 to 399 percent of the poverty threshold	332,607	±10,397	311,842	±10,691	93.8%	±0.8	20,765	±2,695	6.2%	±0.8
At or above 400 percent of the poverty threshold	74,165	±5,915	63,004	±4,748	85.0%	±2.5	11,161	±2,325	15.0%	±2.5
Below 100 percent of the poverty threshold	78,054	±6,289	68,123	±5,764	87.3%	±2.5	9,931	±2,104	12.7%	±2.5

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see [Geography Boundaries by Year](#).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see [Comparing ACS Data](#).

The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par_textimage_18 for a list of the insurance type definitions. Beginning in 2017, selected variable categories were updated, including age-categories, income-to-poverty ratio (IPR) categories, and the age universe for certain employment and education variables. See user note entitled "Health Insurance Table Updates" for further details.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.