## **S2504: PHYSICAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS**

## Universe: None

2023 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska											
	Occupied housing units		Percent occupied housing units		Owner-occupied housing units		Percent owner-occupied housing units		Renter-occupied housing units		Percent renter-occupied housing units	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Occupied housing units	276,852	±3,294	276,852	±3,294	183,575	±3,874	183,575	±3,874	93,277	±4,063	93,277	±4,063
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached	170,616	±3,720	61.6%	±1.3	148,642	$\pm 3,850$	81.0%	±1.6	21,974	±2,081	23.6%	±2.0
1, attached	25,710	±3,316	9.3%	±1.2	15,392	±2,457	8.4%	±1.3	10,318	$\pm 1,984$	11.1%	±2.1
2 apartments	12,956	$\pm 1,948$	4.7%	±0.7	3,550	$\pm 1,001$	1.9%	±0.5	9,406	$\pm 1,662$	10.1%	±1.7
3 or 4 apartments	19,709	$\pm 2,861$	7.1%	±1.0	3,210	$\pm 1,114$	1.7%	±0.6	16,499	$\pm 2,460$	17.7%	±2.5
5 to 9 apartments	12,084	$\pm 2,015$	4.4%	±0.7	2,473	±1,019	1.3%	±0.6	9,611	±1,729	10.3%	$\pm 1.8$
10 or more apartments	25,982	±2,449	9.4%	±0.9	3,098	$\pm 897$	1.7%	±0.5	22,884	±2,525	24.5%	±2.4
Mobile home or other type of housing	9,795	±1,372	3.5%	±0.5	7,210	±1,303	3.9%	±0.7	2,585	±891	2.8%	$\pm 1.0$
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT												
2020 or later	3,346	±890	1.2%	±0.3	1,751	±588	1.0%	±0.3	1,595	±642	1.7%	$\pm 0.7$
2010 to 2019	30,808	±2,733	11.1%	±1.0	20,867	±2,337	11.4%	±1.3	9,941	±1,631	10.7%	±1.7
2000 to 2009	43,257	±3,157	15.6%	±1.1	29,955	±2,423	16.3%	±1.3	13,302	±2,000	14.3%	±2.1
1980 to 1999	101,411	±4,643	36.6%	±1.6	70,356	±3,718	38.3%	±1.8	31,055	±2,866	33.3%	±2.9
1960 to 1979	77,378	±3,895	27.9%	±1.4	47,247	±2,697	25.7%	±1.4	30,131	±3,229	32.3%	±3.0
1940 to 1959	15,298	$\pm 1,771$	5.5%	±0.6	10,013	$\pm 1,361$	5.5%	±0.7	5,285	±1,121	5.7%	±1.2
1939 or earlier	5,354	±940	1.9%	±0.3	3,386	±714	1.8%	$\pm 0.4$	1,968	$\pm 674$	2.1%	±0.7
ROOMS												
1 room	8,978	$\pm 1,776$	3.2%	±0.6	1,928	±625	1.1%	±0.3	7,050	$\pm 1,470$	7.6%	±1.5
2 or 3 rooms	49,718	$\pm 3,693$	18.0%	±1.4	18,512	±2,391	10.1%	±1.3	31,206	±2,796	33.5%	$\pm 2.8$
4 or 5 rooms	101,993	$\pm 4,004$	36.8%	±1.3	64,780	$\pm 3,680$	35.3%	±1.7	37,213	±3,217	39.9%	±2.9
6 or 7 rooms	69,274	$\pm 3,161$	25.0%	±1.1	56,389	$\pm 3,055$	30.7%	±1.5	12,885	$\pm 1,701$	13.8%	±1.7
8 or more rooms	46,889	$\pm 3,651$	16.9%	±1.3	41,966	±3,203	22.9%	$\pm 1.8$	4,923	±1,226	5.3%	±1.3
BEDROOMS												
No bedroom	10,567	$\pm 1,773$	3.8%	±0.6	2,527	±664	1.4%	±0.4	8,040	±1,539	8.6%	±1.6
1 bedroom	32,958	±2,624	11.9%	$\pm 1.0$	11,268	$\pm 1,789$	6.1%	$\pm 1.0$	21,690	±2,260	23.3%	±2.4
2 or 3 bedrooms	174,775	±4,812	63.1%	±1.5	117,942	±4,486	64.2%	±1.7	56,833	$\pm 4,068$	60.9%	$\pm 3.0$
4 or more bedrooms	58,552	±3,133	21.1%	±1.1	51,838	±2,652	28.2%	±1.5	6,714	$\pm 1,406$	7.2%	±1.5
COMPLETE FACILITIES												
With complete plumbing facilities	265,608	±3,625	95.9%	±0.7	176,562	±4,074	96.2%	$\pm 1.0$	89,046	±4,034	95.5%	±0.9
With complete kitchen facilities	268,429	±3,416	97.0%	±0.6	178,976	$\pm 3,840$	97.5%	±0.7	89,453	$\pm 4,094$	95.9%	$\pm 1.0$
VEHICLES AVAILABLE												
No vehicle available	25,425	$\pm 1,874$	9.2%	±0.7	10,938	$\pm 1,138$	6.0%	±0.6	14,487	±1,612	15.5%	±1.7
1 vehicle available	90,506	±5,155	32.7%	±1.9	44,971	±3,283	24.5%	$\pm 1.8$	45,535	$\pm 3,888$	48.8%	±3.6
2 vehicles available	95,023	±4,402	34.3%	±1.5	69,702	±3,645	38.0%	±1.7	25,321	±2,770	27.1%	±2.6
3 or more vehicles available	65,898	±4,046	23.8%	±1.4	57,964	±3,556	31.6%	$\pm 1.8$	7,934	±1,663	8.5%	$\pm 1.8$

TELEPHONE SERVICE AVAILABLE												
With telephone service	273,371	±3,129	98.7%	±0.3	181,310	±3,842	98.8%	±0.4	92,061	$\pm 3,989$	98.7%	±0.6
HOUSE HEATING FUEL												
Utility gas	134,581	±4,326	48.6%	±1.3	98,197	±3,915	53.5%	±1.6	36,384	±3,682	39.0%	±3.3
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	7,925	±1,285	2.9%	±0.5	4,707	±1,049	2.6%	±0.6	3,218	±961	3.4%	$\pm 1.0$
Electricity	38,253	±3,337	13.8%	±1.2	13,310	±2,048	7.3%	$\pm 1.1$	24,943	±2,547	26.7%	±2.7
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	77,219	±3,325	27.9%	$\pm 1.1$	53,652	$\pm 2,684$	29.2%	±1.4	23,567	±2,306	25.3%	±2.3
Coal or coke	625	±369	0.2%	$\pm 0.1$	278	±178	0.2%	$\pm 0.1$	347	±308	0.4%	±0.3
All other fuels	15,861	$\pm 1,711$	5.7%	±0.6	12,854	±1,602	7.0%	±0.9	3,007	±708	3.2%	$\pm 0.7$
No fuel used	2,388	±803	0.9%	±0.3	577	±261	0.3%	$\pm 0.1$	1,811	±770	1.9%	$\pm 0.8$

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see Geography Boundaries by Year.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see Comparing ACS Data.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.