

**S2502: DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS FOR OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS**

Universe: None

2023 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska											
	Occupied housing units		Percent occupied housing units		Owner-occupied housing units		Percent owner-occupied housing units		Renter-occupied housing units		Percent renter-occupied housing units	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Occupied housing units	276,852	±3,294	276,852	±3,294	183,575	±3,874	183,575	±3,874	93,277	±4,063	93,277	±4,063
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER												
One race --												
White	187,569	±3,479	67.8%	±1.1	135,039	±3,579	73.6%	±1.4	52,530	±3,473	56.3%	±2.4
Black or African American	7,891	±1,419	2.9%	±0.5	3,163	±1,113	1.7%	±0.6	4,728	±1,326	5.1%	±1.4
American Indian and Alaska Native	29,911	±1,730	10.8%	±0.6	16,927	±1,118	9.2%	±0.6	12,984	±1,476	13.9%	±1.5
Asian	13,487	±1,830	4.9%	±0.6	8,223	±1,428	4.5%	±0.8	5,264	±1,260	5.6%	±1.3
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	2,778	±745	1.0%	±0.3	1,180	±903	0.6%	±0.5	1,598	±724	1.7%	±0.8
Some other race	5,458	±1,269	2.0%	±0.5	2,889	±926	1.6%	±0.5	2,569	±991	2.8%	±1.1
Two or more races	29,758	±2,356	10.7%	±0.8	16,154	±1,607	8.8%	±0.8	13,604	±2,091	14.6%	±2.2
Hispanic or Latino origin	16,141	±1,797	5.8%	±0.6	8,107	±1,530	4.4%	±0.8	8,034	±1,543	8.6%	±1.6
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	182,023	±3,398	65.7%	±1.0	131,939	±3,572	71.9%	±1.4	50,084	±3,229	53.7%	±2.2
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Under 35 years	63,371	±3,392	22.9%	±1.1	23,717	±2,408	12.9%	±1.2	39,654	±3,270	42.5%	±3.0
35 to 44 years	56,086	±2,633	20.3%	±1.0	36,836	±2,613	20.1%	±1.3	19,250	±2,423	20.6%	±2.4
45 to 54 years	43,163	±2,586	15.6%	±0.9	30,868	±1,980	16.8%	±1.1	12,295	±1,780	13.2%	±1.9
55 to 64 years	49,402	±1,962	17.8%	±0.7	38,635	±2,180	21.0%	±1.1	10,767	±1,657	11.5%	±1.7
65 to 74 years	42,446	±1,721	15.3%	±0.6	35,359	±1,567	19.3%	±0.8	7,087	±1,233	7.6%	±1.3
75 to 84 years	18,121	±1,578	6.5%	±0.6	15,068	±1,511	8.2%	±0.8	3,053	±802	3.3%	±0.8
85 years and over	4,263	±960	1.5%	±0.3	3,092	±815	1.7%	±0.4	1,171	±512	1.3%	±0.6
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Less than high school graduate	14,773	±1,816	5.3%	±0.6	7,569	±1,163	4.1%	±0.6	7,204	±1,433	7.7%	±1.4
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	67,731	±3,650	24.5%	±1.3	38,132	±2,798	20.8%	±1.4	29,599	±2,505	31.7%	±2.5
Some college or associate's degree	97,818	±3,979	35.3%	±1.4	63,852	±2,928	34.8%	±1.5	33,966	±3,170	36.4%	±2.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	96,530	±4,287	34.9%	±1.5	74,022	±3,475	40.3%	±1.7	22,508	±2,785	24.1%	±2.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
Moved in 2019 or later	82,387	±4,542	29.8%	±1.5	30,298	±2,918	16.5%	±1.4	52,089	±3,737	55.8%	±3.0
Moved in 2015 to 2018	50,048	±3,973	18.1%	±1.4	28,616	±2,446	15.6%	±1.3	21,432	±2,757	23.0%	±2.8
Moved in 2010 to 2014	58,509	±3,740	21.1%	±1.4	44,965	±3,159	24.5%	±1.7	13,544	±2,060	14.5%	±2.1
Moved in 2000 to 2009	41,824	±2,498	15.1%	±0.9	37,632	±2,296	20.5%	±1.3	4,192	±1,006	4.5%	±1.1
Moved in 1990 to 1999	22,307	±1,875	8.1%	±0.7	20,879	±1,847	11.4%	±1.0	1,428	±427	1.5%	±0.5
Moved in 1989 or earlier	21,777	±2,003	7.9%	±0.7	21,185	±1,999	11.5%	±1.1	592	±307	0.6%	±0.3

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see [Geography Boundaries by Year](#).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [ACS Technical Documentation](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see [Comparing ACS Data](#).

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.