

S2403: INDUSTRY BY SEX FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: None

2023 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska									
	Total		Male		Percent Male		Female		Percent Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	345,460	±5,852	185,089	±4,107	53.6%	±0.9	160,371	±4,192	46.4%	±0.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	18,392	±2,200	15,532	±1,827	84.4%	±4.7	2,860	±1,019	15.6%	±4.7
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	5,868	±1,527	3,996	±963	68.1%	±10.9	1,872	±947	31.9%	±10.9
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	12,524	±1,650	11,536	±1,580	92.1%	±3.7	988	±476	7.9%	±3.7
Construction	25,277	±2,864	23,016	±2,684	91.1%	±2.9	2,261	±784	8.9%	±2.9
Manufacturing	14,639	±2,074	8,545	±1,522	58.4%	±6.4	6,094	±1,277	41.6%	±6.4
Wholesale trade	7,846	±1,406	6,147	±1,091	78.3%	±8.1	1,699	±785	21.7%	±8.1
Retail trade	35,568	±3,006	18,692	±2,096	52.6%	±4.1	16,876	±2,094	47.4%	±4.1
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	27,648	±2,584	20,920	±2,141	75.7%	±4.0	6,728	±1,322	24.3%	±4.0
Transportation and warehousing	23,756	±2,404	17,802	±1,969	74.9%	±4.4	5,954	±1,255	25.1%	±4.4
Utilities	3,892	±822	3,118	±819	80.1%	±8.3	774	±306	19.9%	±8.3
Information	5,288	±1,373	3,607	±1,156	68.2%	±12.1	1,681	±765	31.8%	±12.1
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	10,269	±1,475	3,407	±792	33.2%	±7.6	6,862	±1,424	66.8%	±7.6
Finance and insurance	5,639	±1,171	1,504	±549	26.7%	±9.3	4,135	±1,090	73.3%	±9.3
Real estate and rental and leasing	4,630	±1,028	1,903	±643	41.1%	±11.2	2,727	±822	58.9%	±11.2
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	29,860	±3,406	16,083	±2,268	53.9%	±4.7	13,777	±2,157	46.1%	±4.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	16,813	±2,407	8,431	±1,438	50.1%	±6.8	8,382	±1,860	49.9%	±6.8
Management of companies and enterprises	938	±426	809	±401	86.2%	±16.5	129	±155	13.8%	±16.5
Administrative and support and waste management services	12,109	±2,325	6,843	±1,743	56.5%	±7.9	5,266	±1,271	43.5%	±7.9
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	87,856	±5,511	26,896	±3,502	30.6%	±2.8	60,960	±3,663	69.4%	±2.8
Educational services	27,526	±2,984	9,556	±1,902	34.7%	±4.8	17,970	±1,998	65.3%	±4.8
Health care and social assistance	60,330	±4,850	17,340	±2,853	28.7%	±3.3	42,990	±3,175	71.3%	±3.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	28,349	±3,105	14,113	±2,138	49.8%	±6.4	14,236	±2,581	50.2%	±6.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	6,567	±1,338	3,173	±924	48.3%	±11.3	3,394	±1,079	51.7%	±11.3
Accommodation and food services	21,782	±2,970	10,940	±2,012	50.2%	±7.3	10,842	±2,290	49.8%	±7.3
Other services, except public administration	15,792	±1,933	7,453	±1,636	47.2%	±7.7	8,339	±1,454	52.8%	±7.7
Public administration	38,676	±3,194	20,678	±2,512	53.5%	±4.0	17,998	±1,919	46.5%	±4.0

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see [Geography Boundaries by Year](#).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see [Comparing ACS Data](#).

Industry titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2022 North American Industry Classification System. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.