S2303: WORK STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS
Universe: None
2023 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

Alaska

	Total		Percent		Male		Percent Male		Female		Percent Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Population 16 to 64 years	474,600	±2,405	474,600	±2,405	253,302	±2,070	253,302	±2,070	221,298	±2,307	221,298	±2,307
WEEKS WORKED												
Worked 50 to 52 weeks	277,302	±5,580	58.4%	±1.2	154,752	±4,217	61.1%	±1.7	122,550	±4,369	55.4%	±1.9
Worked 48 to 49 weeks	6,690	±1,430	1.4%	±0.3	3,552	±952	1.4%	±0.4	3,138	±817	1.4%	±0.4
Worked 40 to 47 weeks	21,645	±2,616	4.6%	±0.5	10,181	±1,508	4.0%	±0.6	11,464	±1,969	5.2%	±0.9
Worked 27 to 39 weeks	18,545	±2,232	3.9%	±0.5	9,351	±1,320	3.7%	±0.5	9,194	±1,778	4.2%	±0.8
Worked 14 to 26 weeks	33,217	±2,963	7.0%	±0.6	21,378	±2,410	8.4%	±0.9	11,839	±1,858	5.3%	±0.8
Worked 1 to 13 weeks	27,854	±2,973	5.9%	±0.6	15,193	±2,376	6.0%	±0.9	12,661	±1,841	5.7%	±0.8
Did not work	89,347	±4,664	18.8%	±1.0	38,895	±3,112	15.4%	±1.2	50,452	±3,343	22.8%	±1.5
USUAL HOURS WORKED												
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	309,627	±5,680	65.2%	±1.2	181,983	±3,904	71.8%	±1.6	127,644	±4,267	57.7%	±1.9
50 to 52 weeks	242,487	±5,844	51.1%	±1.2	140,090	±4,007	55.3%	±1.6	102,397	±4,383	46.3%	±2.0
48 to 49 weeks	5,252	±1,255	1.1%	±0.3	2,913	±812	1.2%	±0.3	2,339	±721	1.1%	±0.3
40 to 47 weeks	15,288	±1,885	3.2%	±0.4	8,020	±1,244	3.2%	±0.5	7,268	±1,501	3.3%	±0.7
27 to 39 weeks	11,119	±1,686	2.3%	±0.4	7,313	±1,259	2.9%	±0.5	3,806	±898	1.7%	±0.4
14 to 26 weeks	21,981	±2,278	4.6%	±0.5	15,576	±1,928	6.1%	±0.8	6,405	±1,430	2.9%	±0.6
1 to 13 weeks	13,500	±1,983	2.8%	±0.4	8,071	±1,629	3.2%	±0.6	5,429	±1,325	2.5%	±0.6
Usually worked 15 to 34 hours per week	55,885	±3,979	11.8%	±0.8	23,458	±2,636	9.3%	±1.0	32,427	±2,973	14.7%	±1.3
50 to 52 weeks	27,533	±2,439	5.8%	±0.5	10,714	±1,561	4.2%	±0.6	16,819	±2,069	7.6%	±0.9
48 to 49 weeks	1,399	±645	0.3%	±0.1	639	±380	0.3%	±0.2	760	±476	0.3%	±0.2
40 to 47 weeks	4,651	±1,221	1.0%	±0.3	1,815	±712	0.7%	±0.3	2,836	±910	1.3%	±0.4
27 to 39 weeks	5,800	±1,475	1.2%	±0.3	1,619	±668	0.6%	±0.3	4,181	±1,278	1.9%	±0.6
14 to 26 weeks	6,966	±1,056	1.5%	±0.2	3,622	±813	1.4%	±0.3	3,344	±827	1.5%	±0.4
1 to 13 weeks	9,536	±1,962	2.0%	±0.4	5,049	±1,487	2.0%	±0.6	4,487	±1,141	2.0%	±0.5
Usually worked 1 to 14 hours per week	19,741	±2,221	4.2%	±0.5	8,966	±1,631	3.5%	±0.6	10,775	±1,467	4.9%	±0.6
50 to 52 weeks	7,282	±1,713	1.5%	±0.4	3,948	±1,309	1.6%	±0.5	3,334	±838	1.5%	±0.4
48 to 49 weeks	39	±69	0.0%	±0.1	0	±170	0.0%	±0.1	39	±69	0.0%	±0.1
40 to 47 weeks	1,706	±596	0.4%	±0.1	346	±262	0.1%	±0.1	1,360	±567	0.6%	±0.3
27 to 39 weeks	1,626	±700	0.3%	±0.1	419	±314	0.2%	±0.1	1,207	±610	0.5%	±0.3
14 to 26 weeks	4,270	±1,440	0.9%	±0.3	2,180	±1,080	0.9%	±0.4	2,090	±747	0.9%	±0.3
1 to 13 weeks	4,818	±1,089	1.0%	±0.2	2,073	±678	0.8%	±0.3	2,745	±729	1.2%	±0.3
Did not work	89,347	±4,664	18.8%	±1.0	38,895	±3,112	15.4%	±1.2	50,452	±3,343	22.8%	±1.5
Mean usual hours worked for workers	41.6	±0.5	(X)	(X)	44.9	±0.7	(X)	(X)	37.4	±0.5	(X)	(X)
Median age of workers 16 to 64 years	38.2	±0.4	(X)	(X)	37.9	±0.5	(X)	(X)	38.6	±0.6	(X)	(X)
Workers 16 to 64 years who worked full-time, year-round	242,487	±5,844	62.9%	±1.4	140,090	±4,007	65.3%	±1.6	102,397	±4,383	59.9%	±2.1

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see Geography Boundaries by Year.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see Comparing ACS Data.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.