

B14003: SEX BY SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY TYPE OF SCHOOL BY AGE FOR THE POPULATION 3 YEARS AND OVER**Universe: Population 3 years and over****2023 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables**

Alaska		
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	706,995	±2,054
Male:	371,916	±2,604
Enrolled in public school:	69,679	±3,079
3 and 4 years	2,222	±658
5 to 9 years	19,323	±1,925
10 to 14 years	21,606	±2,116
15 to 17 years	13,225	±1,385
18 and 19 years	3,585	±1,457
20 to 24 years	3,043	±1,260
25 to 34 years	2,906	±953
35 years and over	3,769	±1,097
Enrolled in private school:	15,850	±2,613
3 and 4 years	1,247	±554
5 to 9 years	4,337	±1,107
10 to 14 years	3,569	±1,177
15 to 17 years	1,530	±679
18 and 19 years	1,012	±544
20 to 24 years	1,054	±691
25 to 34 years	1,294	±642
35 years and over	1,807	±1,078
Not enrolled in school:	286,387	±3,360
3 and 4 years	6,952	±1,362
5 to 9 years	1,603	±573
10 to 14 years	940	±564
15 to 17 years	1,214	±554
18 and 19 years	4,624	±3,313
20 to 24 years	24,311	±3,964
25 to 34 years	54,462	±2,365
35 years and over	192,281	±2,286
Female:	335,079	±2,561
Enrolled in public school:	71,528	±3,609
3 and 4 years	2,309	±736
5 to 9 years	18,992	±1,860
10 to 14 years	22,097	±2,492
15 to 17 years	10,979	±1,371
18 and 19 years	2,869	±613
20 to 24 years	4,217	±1,272
25 to 34 years	4,431	±940
35 years and over	5,634	±1,122
Enrolled in private school:	14,398	±2,507
3 and 4 years	1,722	±674
5 to 9 years	3,564	±1,339
10 to 14 years	2,656	±848
15 to 17 years	1,190	±442
18 and 19 years	275	±196
20 to 24 years	1,351	±655
25 to 34 years	1,526	±503
35 years and over	2,114	±699
Not enrolled in school:	249,153	±3,081
3 and 4 years	4,348	±1,095
5 to 9 years	944	±529
10 to 14 years	1,058	±631
15 to 17 years	328	±160
18 and 19 years	3,049	±751
20 to 24 years	15,758	±2,273
25 to 34 years	47,231	±2,073
35 years and over	176,437	±2,111

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units and the group quarters population for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section. □

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates □

ACS data generally reflect the geographic boundaries of legal and statistical areas as of January 1 of the estimate year. For more information, see [Geography Boundaries by Year](#). □

Users must consider potential differences in geographic boundaries, questionnaire content or coding, or other methodological issues when comparing ACS data from different years. Statistically significant differences shown in ACS Comparison Profiles, or in data users' own analysis, may be the result of these differences and thus might not necessarily reflect changes to the social, economic, housing, or demographic characteristics being compared. For more information, see [Comparing ACS Data](#). □

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables. □

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization. □

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero. □